

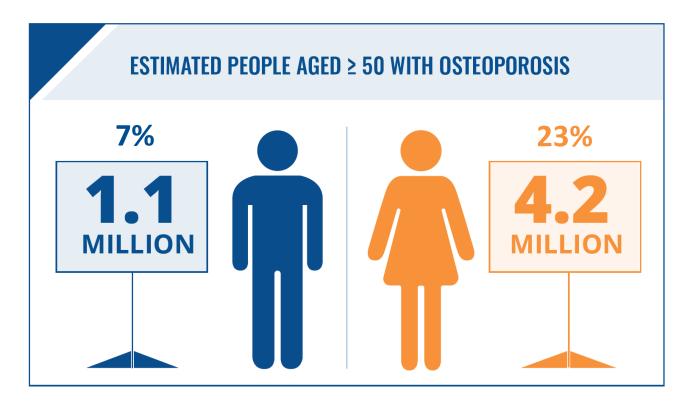


### OSTEOPOROSIS



**Prevalence:** 

- approximately 5.3 million people have osteoporosis in Germany (2015)
- comparable to the other EU6\* nations



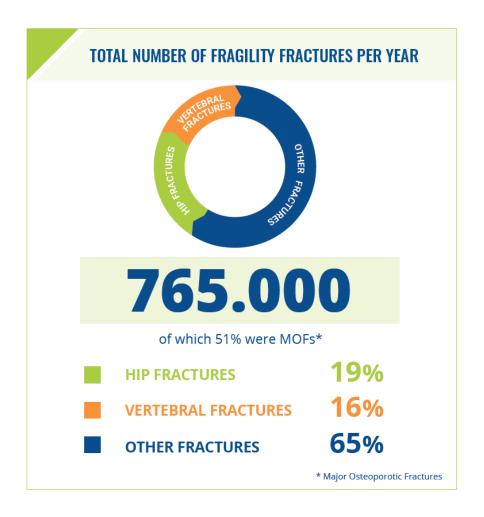


### OSTEOPOROSIS



# FRAGILE BONES THAT FRACTURE EASILY





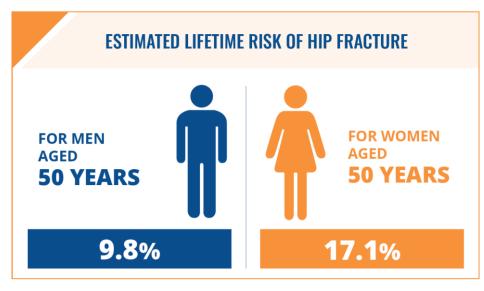
Fragility fractures due to osteoporosis affect both men and women

**Incidence in Germany:** 

Estimated number of fragility fractures in 2017, and by fracture category



## FRAGILITY FRACTURES IN THE CONTEXT OF PUBLIC HEALTH PRIORITIES



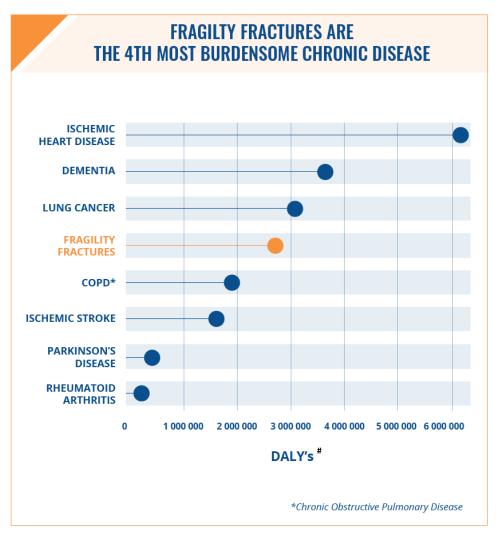


MOF = 20% + STROKE = 14% + MOF = 35% + STROKE = 20% +

Lifetime risk of sustaining a MOF is higher than the lifetime risk of a having a stroke for both women and men+

<sup>+</sup> MOF (Major Osteoporotic Fracture) risk for individuals aged 50 in Germany; equivalent stroke risk in Europe





<sup>#</sup> Disability-adjusted life years: a measure of the impact of a disease or injury in terms of healthy years lost

## FRAGILITY FRACTURES INCUR SUBSTANTIAL HEALTHCARE COSTS

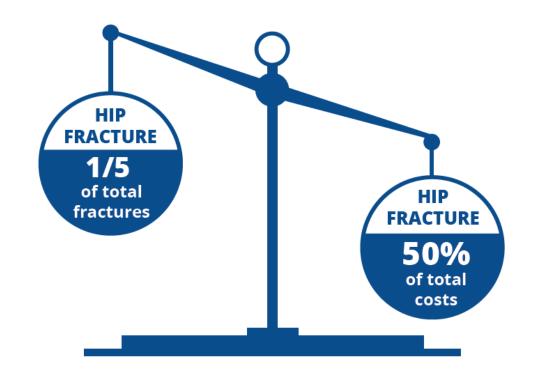
#### **Fracture-related costs:**



Happen during first year after fracture



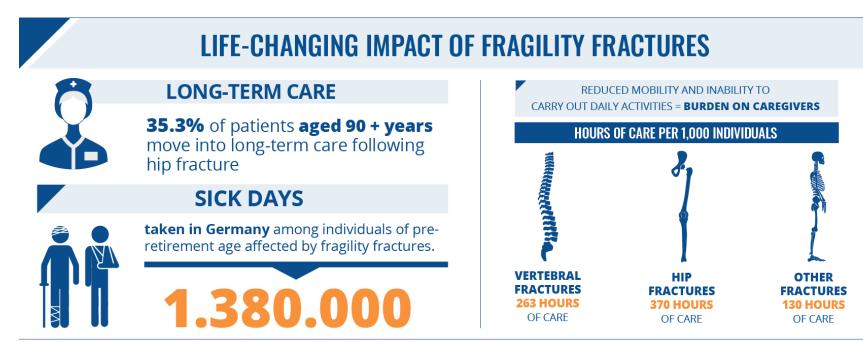
Highest with hip fractures





## FRAGILITY FRACTURES HAVE A MULTIFACETED IMPACT ON THE INDIVIDUAL AND SOCIETY

Reduced independence and lifestyle impairment



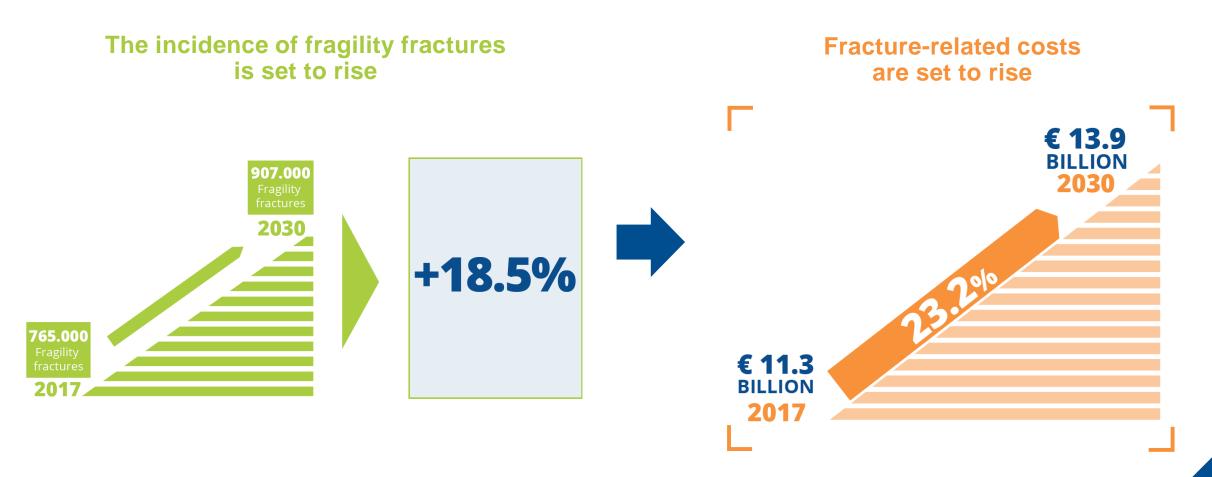
Patients
suffering fragility
fractures depend
on care from
family and
friends

Fragility fractures can significantly impact the working population:

Germany has among the highest number of average sick days taken per 1000 people compared to the other EU6 nations



## FRAGILITY FRACTURES ARE A GROWING CHALLENGE IN THE PUBLIC HEALTH LANDSCAPE





## EFFECTIVE MANAGEMENT IMPROVES OUTCOMES AND REDUCES COSTS

#### One fragility fracture leads to another:

Women who had a fragility fracture are

five times more likely to experience a second fracture

within the first year after a fracture than women who have not had a prior fracture,

yet...



#### **MASSIVE TREATMENT GAP**



With appropriate medical treatment, many fragility fractures can be avoided



# EFFECTIVE MANAGEMENT IMPROVES OUTCOMES AND REDUCES COSTS

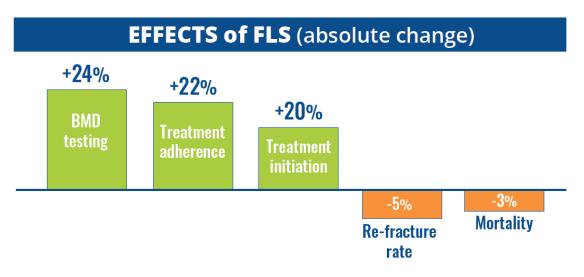
Coordinated care models are multidisciplinary
healthcare delivery models which aim to identify, diagnose and treat patients who have suffered a fragility fracture

Multidisciplinary models
for secondary fracture prevention can
contribute to closing the treatment gap

### FRACTURE LIAISON SERVICES (FLS)

= cost-effective care delivery model to

#### **IMPROVE OVERALL OUTCOMES & REDUCE COSTS**





# A ROADMAP TO SOLVE THE FRAGILITY FRACTURE CRISIS IN GERMANY

Osteoporosis prevention and treatment is not receiving the priority it deserves by the Government and relevant health policy officials



#### A joint stakeholder effort

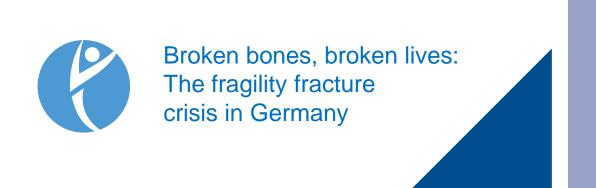
(involving physicians, health politicians, health insurances, patient organizations, and social welfare associations)

is required to reduce the impact of fragility fractures for patients and the society

### Some of the improvements to osteoporosis care and healthcare policy needed are to:

- 1. Implement DVO Medical Guidelines to treat patients with fragility fractures
- 2. Ensure reimbursement of the dual X-ray absorptiometry bone density measurement for all high-risk patients
- 3. Use coordinated care models (e.g. IDNs) and implement the discharge management model
- 4. Create an osteoporosis management program could foster a multidisciplinary approach to care, improve the quality of medical care for patients and close the current treatment gap
- 5. Encourage education and information to patients and citizens to be more 'bone-conscious'
  - 6. Actively support civil society organizations working within the field of osteoporosis





#### FOR MORE INFORMATION

www.iofbonehealth.org/broken-bones-broken-lives